services there is a unit charge of \$2 for emergency, day care and minor surgery and \$1 for other designated services. Authorized charges for extended in-patient care are \$6.50 a day for those over 19 years and \$1 a day for those under 19.

5.3.1 Territorial plans

Northwest Territories. The NWT health care plan includes both hospital and medical care insurance. It is a non-premium plan covering all eligible residents. In addition to insured services of the national hospital insurance and medical care programs, the plan provides full travel coverage plus living expenses while away from home for treatment of cancer, cystic fibrosis, tuberculosis or mental illness. Assistance is also provided toward travel costs to receive general medical treatment away from the home community. The cost of drugs required to treat specific chronic diseases is covered. There are no authorized charges for insured hospital services.

Yukon. Insurance is provided by Yukon hospital insurance services and the Yukon health care insurance plan. The monthly premium for medical care insurance is \$4.75 for a single person, \$9.25 for a couple and \$11.00 for a family. However, coverage depends on residency status rather than on payment of premiums. Persons of 65 and older are premium-exempt. There are no authorized charges for insured hospital services. Coverage is limited to the insured services of the national hospital insurance and medical care programs.

5.3.2 Health services for specific groups

The national health and welfare department provides or arranges health services for persons whose care is by custom or legislation a federal responsibility.

Indians and Inuit, as residents of a province or territory, are entitled to benefits of medical care and hospital insurance. These insured benefits are supplemented by the NHW department, which helps in arranging transportation and obtaining drugs and prostheses. A comprehensive public health program provides dental care for children, immunization, school health services, health education, and prenatal, postnatal and well-baby clinics. A native alcohol abuse program funds locally-run programs. Since Indians and Inuit comprise only 1.0% of the population and are distributed widely throughout Canada, a network of specially designed health facilities operates in almost 200 communities. Increasing numbers of Indians and Inuit are being trained and employed in public health and medical care programs to facilitate understanding and health activities in the communities.

With the exception of insured hospital and medical care programs, administered by the governments of Yukon and Northwest Territories, the NHW department has for many years managed health services for all residents of the two northern territories. These comprise a comprehensive public health program, special arrangements to facilitate interstation communication, and the transportation of patients from isolated communities to referral medical centres. Several university groups provide, on a rotation basis for specified zones, medical personnel and students. Their activities are financed through government contracts and medical care insurance.

As of January 1978, departmental facilities included six hospitals, three health stations and nine health centres in Yukon and four hospitals, 39 nursing stations, six health stations and eight health centres in Northwest Territories.

Under the Quarantine Act, all vessels, aircraft, and other conveyances and their crews and passengers arriving in Canada from foreign countries are subject to inspection to detect and correct conditions that could introduce such diseases as smallpox, cholera, plague and yellow fever. Quarantine stations are located at major seaports and airports. The branch enforces standards of hygiene on federal property including ports and terminals, interprovincial means of transport, and Canadian ships and aircraft.

Medical services branch determines the health status of all persons referred by the employment and immigration commission for Canadian immigration purposes. It also provides or arranges health care services for certain persons after arrival in Canada, including immigrants who become ill en route or while seeking employment. The